INES (the International Nuclear and Radiological Event Scale) Rating on
the Events in Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station
by the Tohoku District - off the Pacific Ocean Earthquake

The Rating of the International Nuclear and Radiological Event Scale (INES)
on the events in Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station (NPS), Tokyo Electric
Power Co. Inc. (TEPCO), caused by the Tohoku District - off the Pacific Ocean
Earthquake is temporarily assessed as Level 7, considering information obtained
after March 18th.

However, the amount of discharged radioactive materials is approximately 10
percent of the Chernobyl accident which was assessed on the same level.

1. INES
INES is the rating, which International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)
and Nuclear Energy Agency, Organization for Economic Cooperation and
Development (OECD/NEA) established and proposed to the Member
States in March 1992, in order to indicate the impact on safety by the
individual event in a nuclear facility and so on. Japan has also utilized it
since 1 August 1992.

2. Events in Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS, TEPCO, by the Tohoku District - off
the Pacific Ocean Earthquake
On 18 March, the ratings of the events in Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS
by the Tohoku District - off the Pacific Ocean Earthquake were informed
to be temporarily assessed as Level 5, considering information obtained
before March 18th. However, Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency
(NISA) estimated the total amount of discharged radioactive materials
from the reactors of Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS to the air, making a trial
calculation using the result of analysis of the situation of the reactors and so on, which was carried out by Japan Nuclear Energy Safety Organization (JNES). This estimation resulted in the value corresponding to Level 7 of INES rating*, as listed in the following table.

* The value representing radiation impact, which is converted to the amount equivalent to $^{131}$I (Iodine), exceeds several tens of thousands of tera-becquerel (of the order of magnitude as $10^{16}$ Bq).

In addition, Nuclear Safety Commission of Japan (NSC) also estimated and announced the result of the trial calculation in the current stage regarding the total amount of discharged radioactive materials to the air, which had been being carried out in the Commission. This trial calculation is counted backward from the results of monitoring data of $^{131}$I and $^{137}$Cs (Caesium) as the total amount of the discharge from the Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS, This results in the value corresponding to Level 7 of INES rating as well.

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Assumed amount of the discharge from Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Estimated by NISA</td>
<td>Announced by NSC</td>
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<tr>
<td>$^{131}$I ... (a)</td>
<td>1.3×10$^{17}$ Bq</td>
<td>1.5×10$^{17}$ Bq</td>
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<tr>
<td>$^{137}$Cs</td>
<td>6.1×10$^{15}$ Bq</td>
<td>1.2×10$^{16}$ Bq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Converted value to $^{131}$I) ... (b)</td>
<td>2.4×10$^{17}$ Bq</td>
<td>4.8×10$^{17}$ Bq</td>
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<tr>
<td>(a) + (b)</td>
<td>3.7×10$^{17}$ Bq</td>
<td>6.3×10$^{17}$ Bq</td>
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</table>

(Notes) The conversion of the values to be equivalent to radiation impact of $^{131}$I regarding the NISA's estimation and the NSC's...
announcement were carried out by NISA in accordance with the INES User’s Manual.

Although Level 7 is the highest level of INES rating, it is estimated that the amount of discharged radioactive materials to the environment in the current stage is approximately 10 percent of the Chernobyl accident, which was assessed on the same level in the past.

3. Procedures to be taken

This information is about the result of the total amount of the discharge from Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS in the current stage. As radioactive materials are being released to the environment, NISA will continuously gather and evaluate information.

In addition, the official level of INES will be determined, considering the technical evaluation from specialist view points made by INES Evaluation Subcommittee (Chairman: Dr. Naoto Sekimura, Professor of University of Tokyo, Nuclear Professional School Engineering, Department of Nuclear Engineering and Management), which set up in the Nuclear and Industrial Safety Subcommittee of the Advisory Committee for Natural Resources and Energy, after the recurrence prevention measures are confirmed based on the concrete causes found.

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